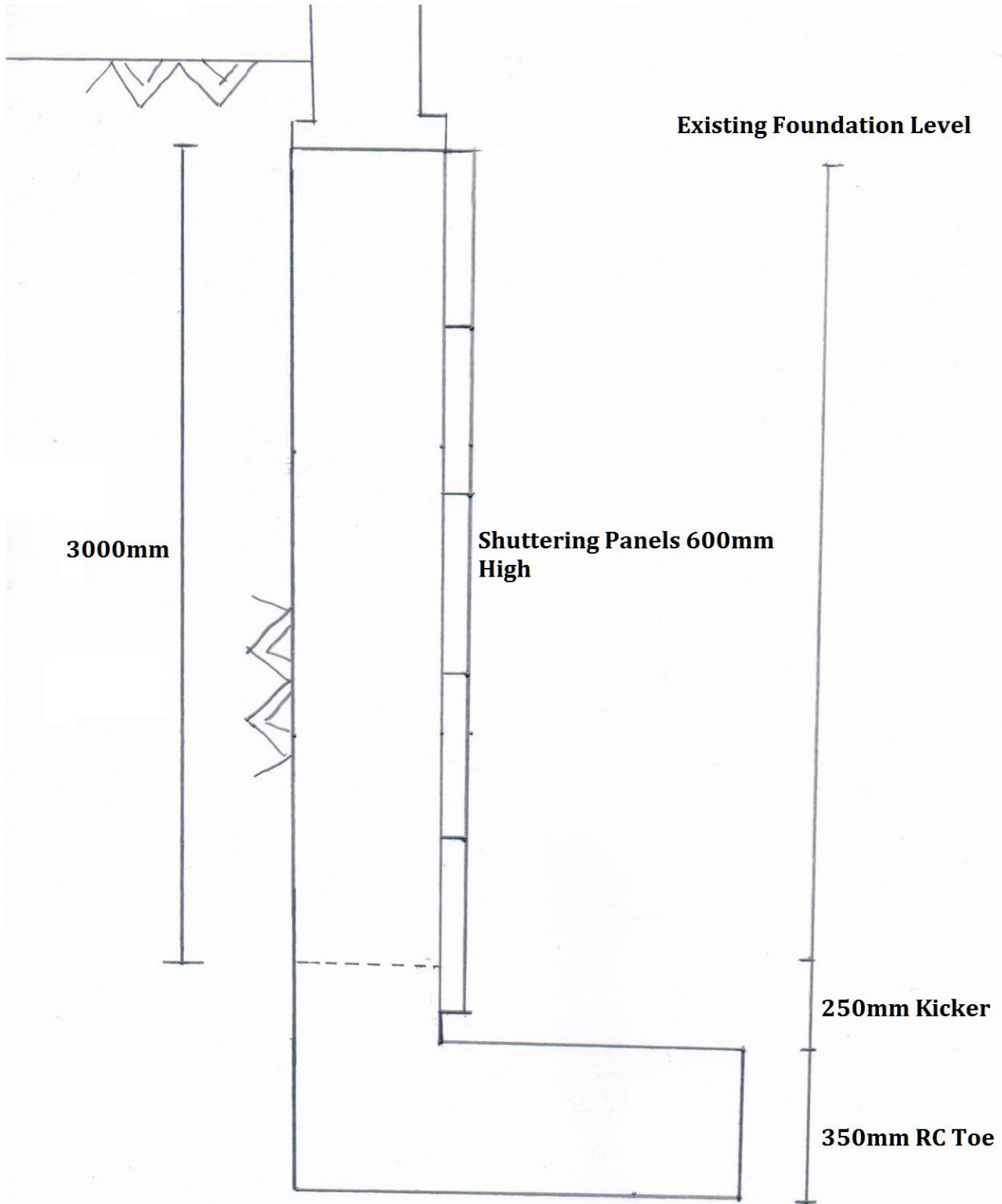
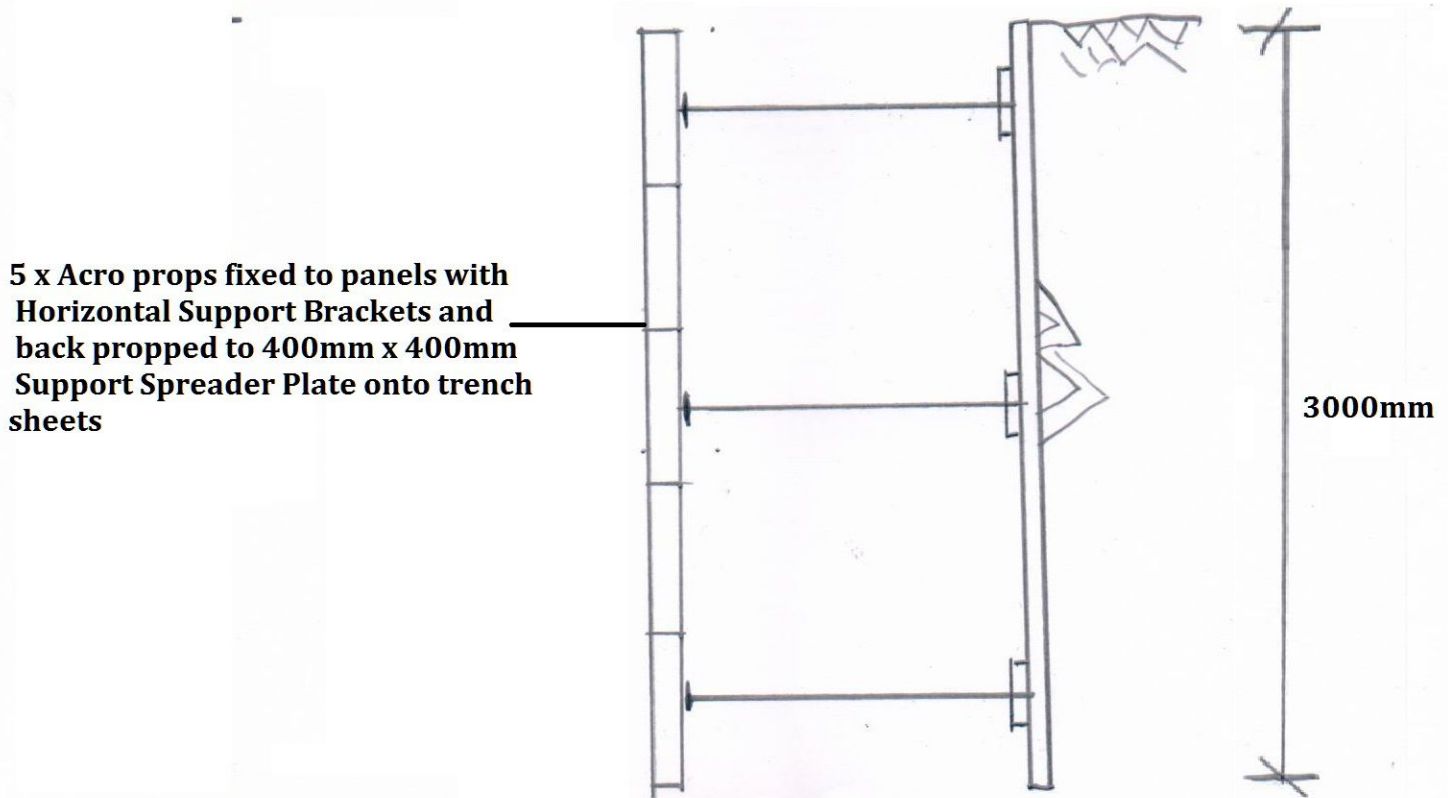
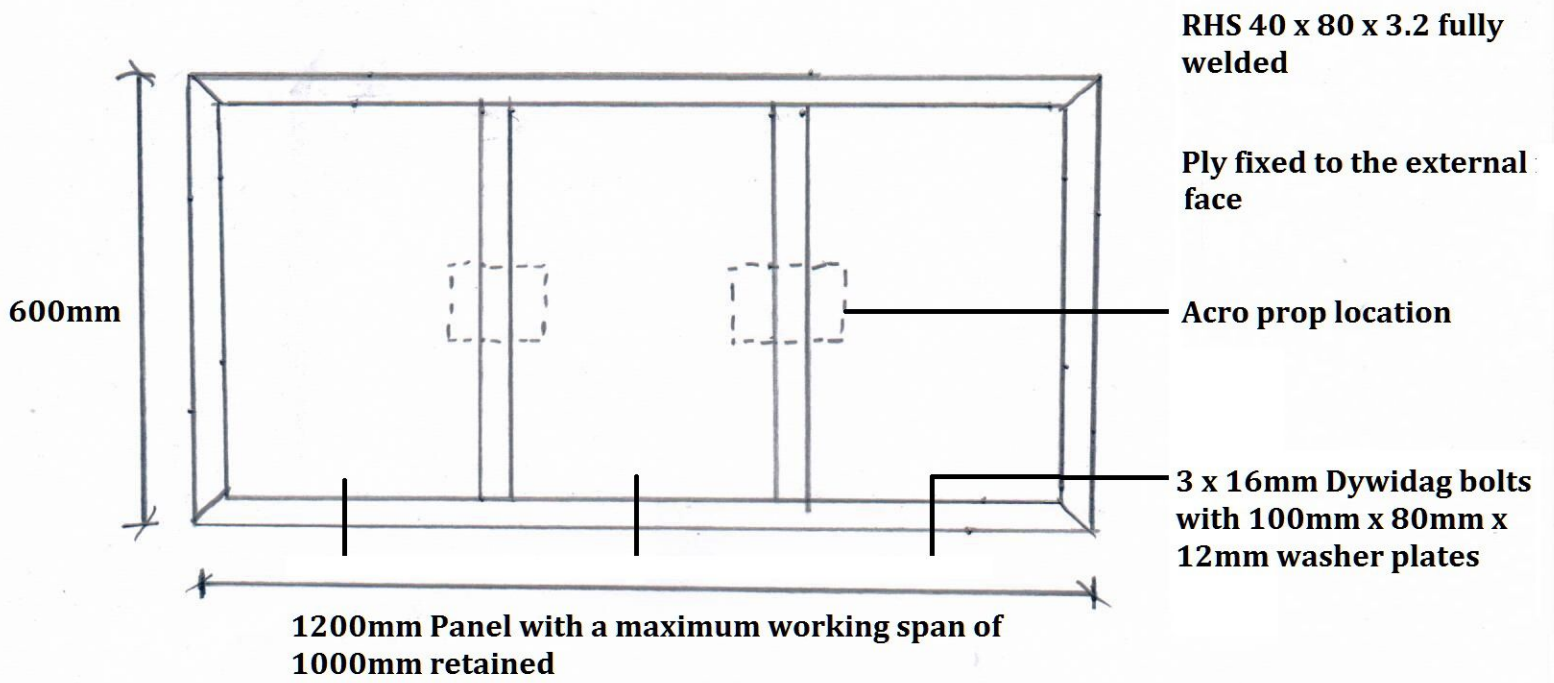


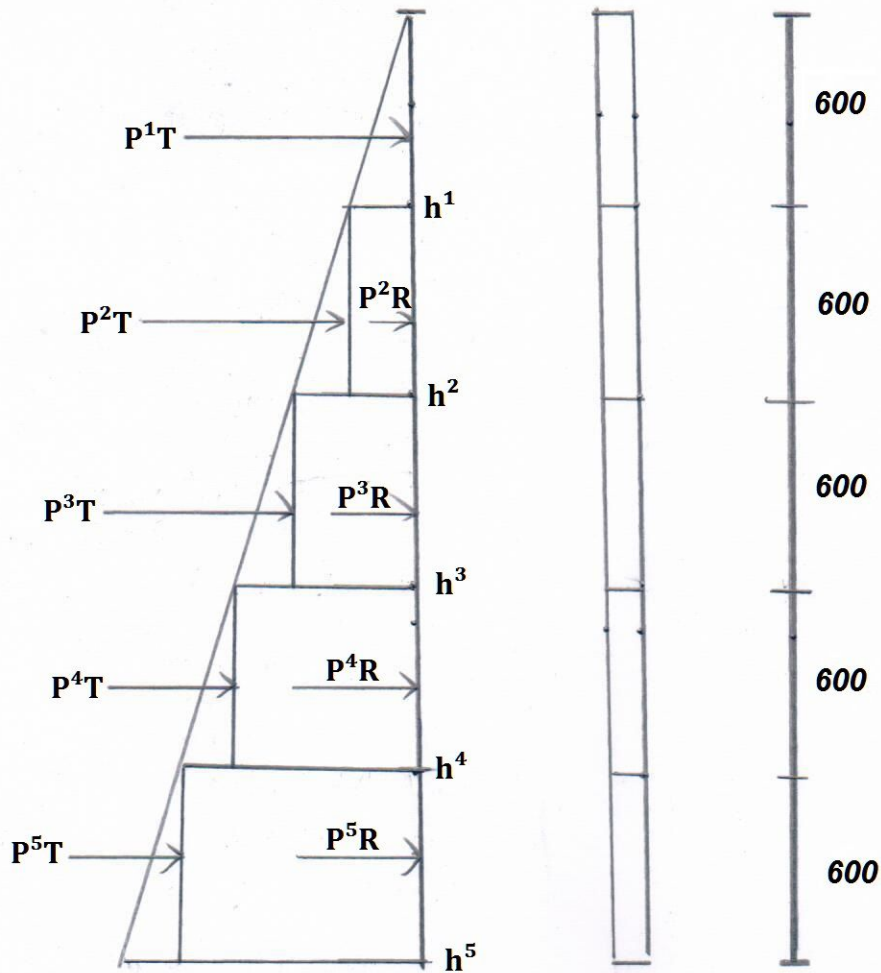
**P = Wet Concrete = 24kN**

**Existing Ground Floor Level**





Panel Triangulation Load  $P = \text{Concrete} = 24\text{kN/m}^3$



### Panel Triangulation load

$$P^1T = \frac{1}{2} Ph^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 24 \times 0.6^2 = 4.3\text{kN}$$

### Panel 2 Rectangular Load

$$P^2R = Ph \times (h^2 - h^1) = 24 \times 0.6 \times 0.6 = 8.6\text{kN}$$

$$P^2T = (Ph^2 - Ph^1) \times (h^2 - h^1) \times \frac{1}{2} \\ = (24 \times 1.2 - 24 \times 0.6) \times (1.2 - 0.6) \times \frac{1}{2} = 4.3\text{kN}$$

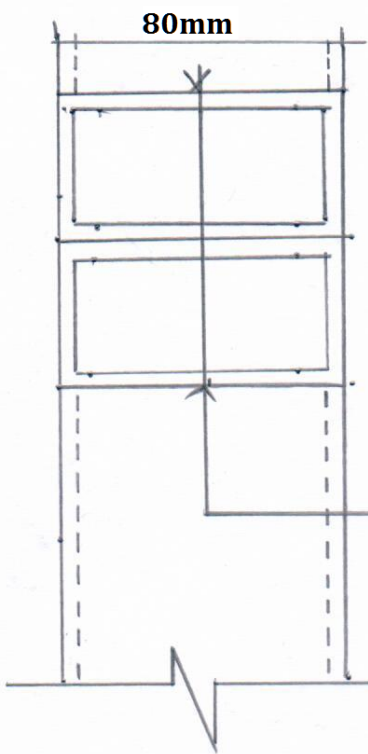
$$P^3R = Ph^2 \times (h^3 - h^2) - 24 \times 1.2 \times 0.6 = 7.3\text{kN}$$

$$P^3T = (Ph^3 - Ph^2) \times (h^3 - h^2) \times \frac{1}{2} = \\ = (24 \times 1.8 - 24 \times 1.2) \times (0.6) \times \frac{1}{2} = 4.3\text{kN}$$

$$P^4R = 24 \times 1.8 \times 0.6 = 25.9\text{kN}$$

$$P^4T = 4.3\text{kN}$$

$$P^5R = 34.6\text{kN} \quad P^5T = 4.3\text{kN}$$



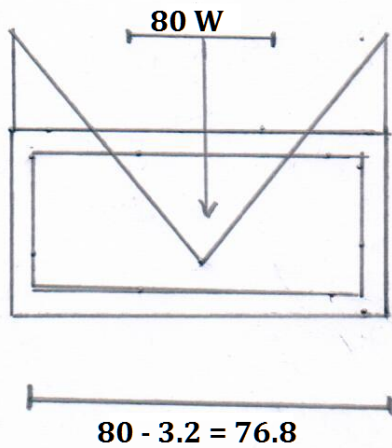
$$M = 90 \times \frac{0.08}{2} = 3.6 \text{ kNm per rod}$$

$\times 3 = 10.8 \text{ kNm working load per panel}$

16  $\varnothing$  Dywidag 15F0105

Max = 195 kN

Working = 90 kN

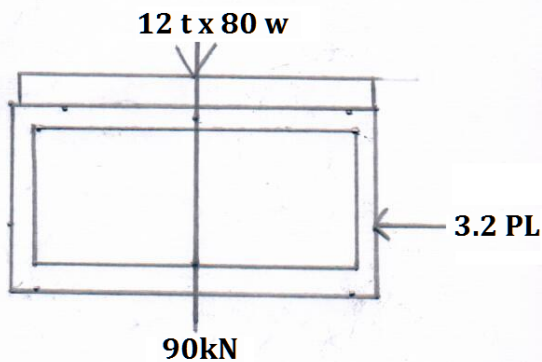


$$M = \frac{PL}{8} = \frac{90 \times 0.0768}{8} = 0.864 \text{ kNm} \times 3 \times 2.5$$

SAY 80 W Width

$$M = \frac{6t^2}{6} \times 355 \times 106 = 0.864 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{864 \times 6}{355 \times 106 \times 0.08}} = t = 13 \text{ mm}$$

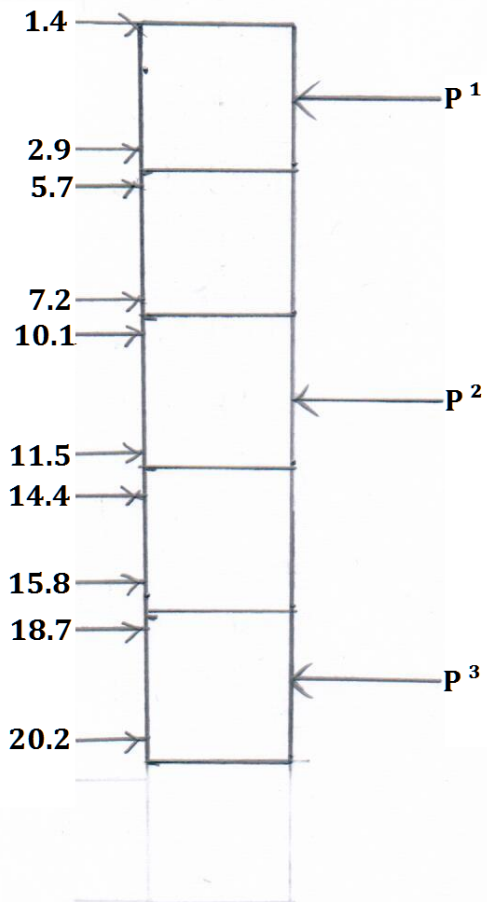


M x 40 x 80 x 3.2 RHS =>

$$Z_p = 11.0 \text{ cm}^3 = 11000 \text{ m}^3 = 1.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^4$$

$$M_p = 1.1 \times 10^{-5} \times 3.55 \times 10^6 = 3.9 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_p \therefore 4 \text{ no} = 3.9 \times 4 = 15.6 \text{ kN} > 10.35 \text{ kN} \therefore \text{Panels ok}$$



$$P^1 \approx 1.4 + 2.9 + 5.7 \approx 10\text{kN}$$

$$P^2 \approx 7.2 + 10.1 + 11.5 + 14.4 \approx 43.2\text{kN}$$

$$P^3 \approx 15.8 + 18.7 + 20.2 \approx 54.7\text{kN per 2 props} - 27.4 / \text{prop}$$

Acrow Props : 32kN ∴

Concentric + 1.5° max out of Plumb



$$M = (11.5 + 14.4) \times 0.3 = 7.77$$

$$M = (15.8 + 18.7) \times 0.3 = 10.35 > 2.59\text{kN / Panel}$$

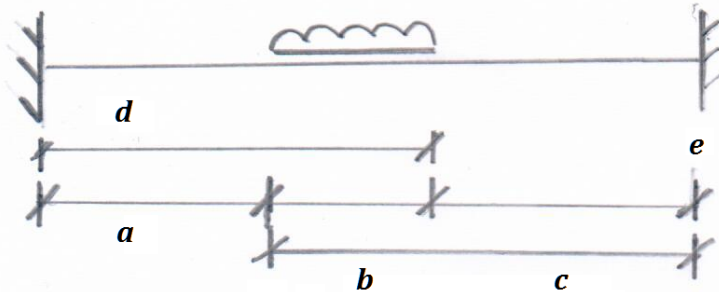
$$< 10.8\text{kN / 3 Dywidag}$$

$$M = 20.2 \times 0.3 = 6.06 \text{ kNm}$$

Use increased width of Dywidag Washer



$$W = 90kN$$



$$L = 80 - 3.2 = 76.8$$

$$a = 13.4$$

$$c = 13.4$$

$$b = 50$$

$$d = 63.4$$

$$e = 63.4$$

$$R_a = 90 / 2 = 45kN$$

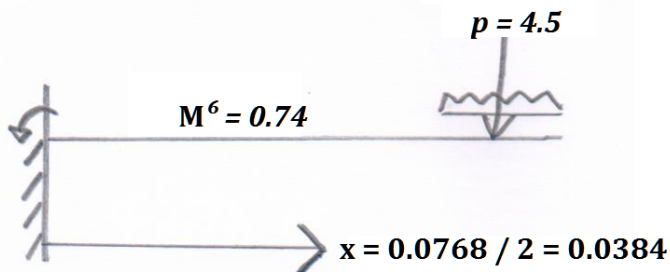
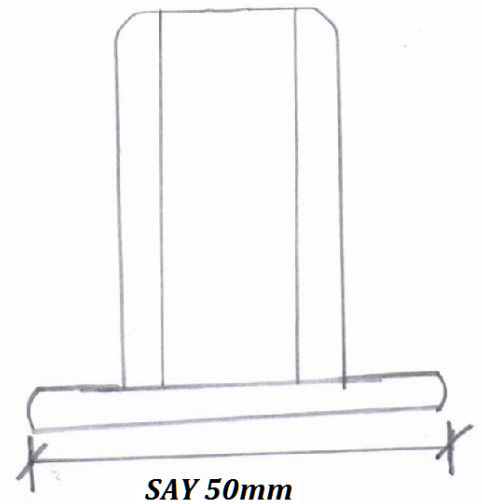
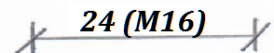
$$M_a = \frac{W}{12L^2b} (e^3 (4L - 3e) - c^3 (4L - 3c))$$

$$= \frac{-90}{12 \times 0.0768^2 \times 0.05} (0.063^3 (4 \times 0.0768 - 3 \times 0.063^3))$$

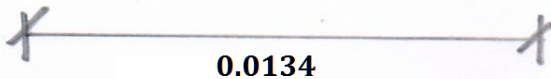
$$- 0.013^3 (4 \times 0.0768 - 3 \times 0.013)$$

$$= 25431 \times (2.96 \times 10^{-5} - 5.9 \times 10^{-7})$$

$$M_b = 0.74kNm$$



$$R_a = 45kN$$



$$M_c = -0.74 + 0.0384 - 45 \times 0.0125$$

$$= 0.43kNm$$

$$\therefore M_b \text{ Critical} = 0.74kNm$$

$$M_p = 0.1 \times 2 / 6 \times 355 \times 10^6$$

SAY USE WIDE PLATE WASHER

$$0.74 = 0.1 t^2 / 6 \times 355 \times 10^6$$

$$T = 0.011 \therefore 12mm$$